



## PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Wally Hought CT of head due to epistaxis.

## SPECIES

Canine

## COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE NASAL CAVITIES

Plain and post contrast studies are available for review.

## COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

## BREED

Basset Hound

The nasal cavities are normal bilateral with preserved turbinates. No evidence of foreign material, soft tissue mass, no turbinate destruction, bone destruction and no fluid accumulation is seen. The nasal septum presents mild to moderate deviation without associated osteolysis.

The nasopharynx is patent with no masses or obstructive lesions.

## SEX

MN

Dentition is normal for age with no evidence of periapical abscessation or oral nasal communication. The adjacent osseous structures are intact.

## AGE

10yr

A well-defined cystic soft tissue mass measuring 23 by 12 mm is present lateral to tooth 404. Internal attenuation is compatible with fluid or soft tissue density. Osseous structures surrounding the lesion are normal. The tooth 404 presents normal.

## INTERPRETED BY

Nele Eley (Ondreka),  
DVM Dr. med. vet.,  
DipECVDI

## COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Cystic soft tissue mass lateral to tooth 404.
- Nasal septal deviation, otherwise normal nasal cavities.

## INTERPRETATION OF FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

## HOSPITAL NAME

Scottsdale Veterinary  
Clinic

The CT findings do not identify an intranasal mass, signs of destructive rhinitis, foreign material or dental disease that would explain the epistaxis. Consider coagulopathy, systemic hypertension, paraneoplastic syndrome, idiopathic or systemic infection as potential underlying causes. The cystic lesion adjacent to tooth 404 is well delineated and may be gingivostomal in origin. Gingivostomal or mucosal cyst, epiliform mass, mucus retention cyst and less likely soft tissue neoplasia are possible underlying causes.

## REFERRING VET

Dr D'Monte

Consider rhinoscopy with sampling for culture and histopathology if epistaxis persists. Blood pressure measurement and coagulation testing can be considered. FNA biopsy of the cystic 404 adjacent lesion can be considered if of clinical concern.

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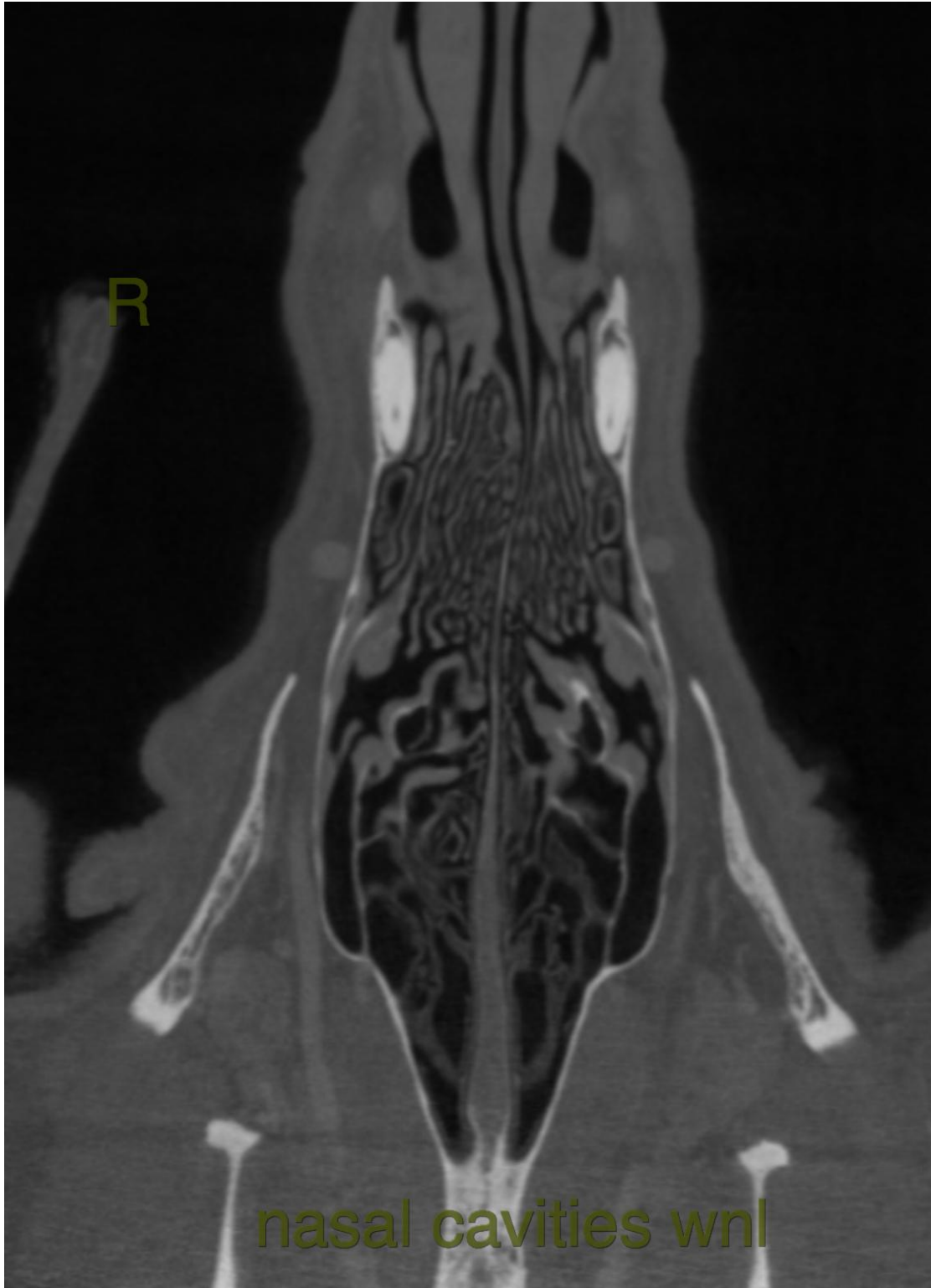
Dr D'Monte

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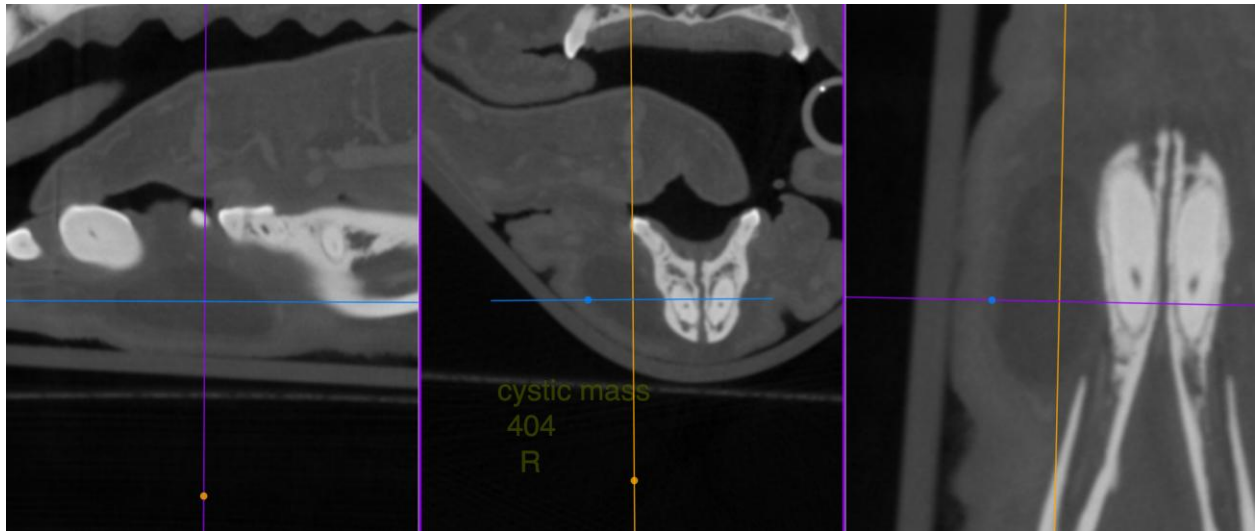
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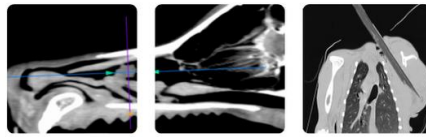
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

## SPECIES

Canine

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

## BREED

Basset Hound

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